

# F19 Exercise

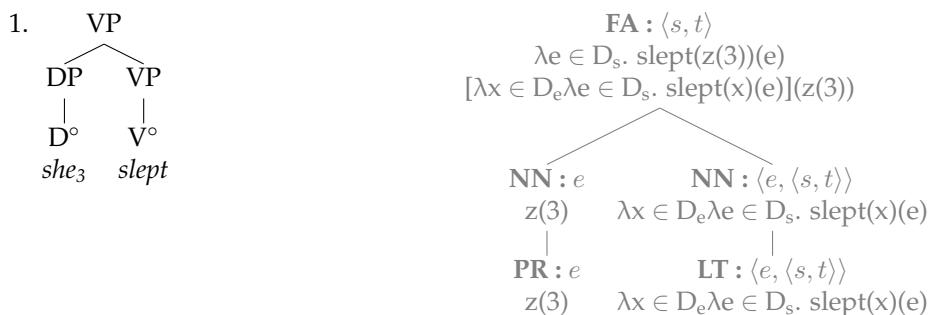
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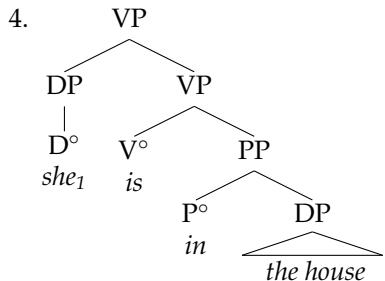
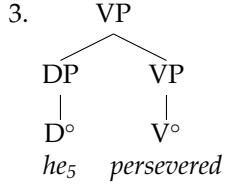
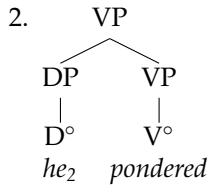
1. Distinguish a variable from a constant.
2. Explain why we need to split the TN rule into LT and PR.
3. Given the following assignment, fill in the chart.

$$r = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & \rightarrow & \text{Gene} \\ 3 & \rightarrow & \text{Barry} \\ 163 & \rightarrow & \text{Ellen} \\ 75 & \rightarrow & \text{Roberto} \end{bmatrix}$$

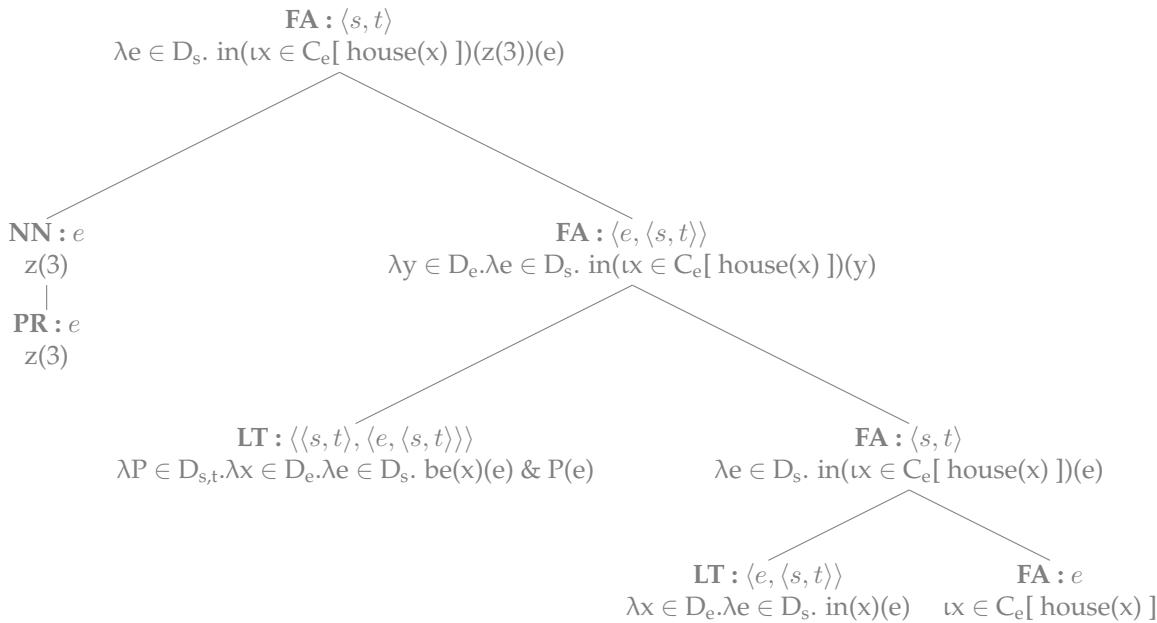
denotation	value	extension
$\llbracket x_2 \rrbracket^r$	$r(2)$	Gene
$\llbracket x_{163} \rrbracket^r$		
	$r(75)$	
		Barry

4. Compose the following phrase structures. Assume assignment z.

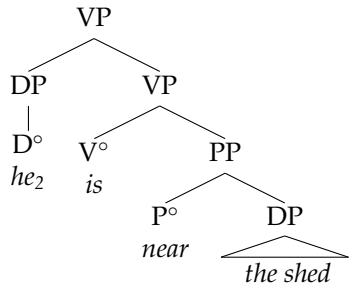




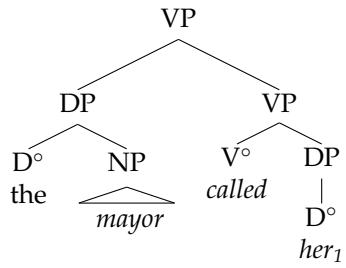
Assume that *in* is of type  $\langle e, \langle s, t \rangle \rangle$ ; given event *e* and place *x*, it equals 1 if and only if *e* takes place in *x*. Further assume that  $\llbracket \text{is} \rrbracket$  combines with this property of events to give a new relation.



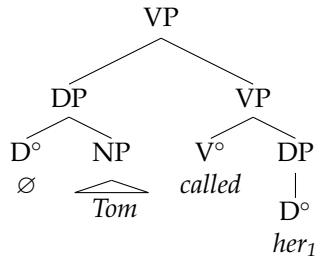
5.



6.



7.



8.

